



For external machining of shafts and contours





# DIAMOND-BURNISHING TOOLS: FOR HIGHEST PRECISION

Diamond-burnishing tools expand the range of applications of roller burnishing technology, as even hardened materials up to approximately 60 HRC can be roller burnished.

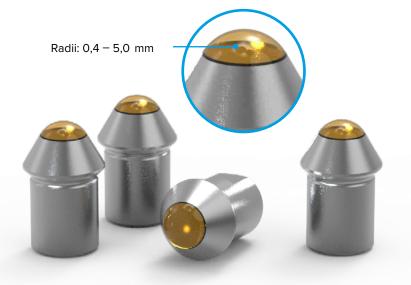
In the process, a high-precision, micropolished diamond glides over the surface. As soon as the yield point of the material is exceeded, the profile peaks of the workpiece surface flow into the adjacent recesses in the  $\mu m$  range.

Compared to the machining by means of rollers, the contact area between the workpiece and the diamond is much smaller. Therefore, plastic cold working with a reduced influence of force can take place. Baublies diamond roller burnishing tools advance into hardness and diameter areas in which conventional roller burnishing tools cannot be used due to the workpiece characteristics or geometry. With diamond-burnishing tools, all contours – internally and externally – can be roller-burnished and deep-rolled.

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- Maximum process reliability
- Top surface qualities
- Harder outer layers
- Smoothing of hardened components
- No need for additional equipment such as hydraulic units
- Increase in fatigue strength
- Larger contact area ratios due to plateau formation
- Higher surface resistance to wear and corrosion
- Expanding of material fatigue limits
- Reduced sliding friction coefficients





# PRESSING- AND BURNISHING DIAMONDS

- Various diamond inserts for burnishing tools possible
- Materials above 60 HRC can be burnished
- Roughness below Rz 1.0 μm possible
- Diamond version with the radii 0,4 – 5,0 mm, others available on Request





# Variable diamond burnishing tool square shank, variable

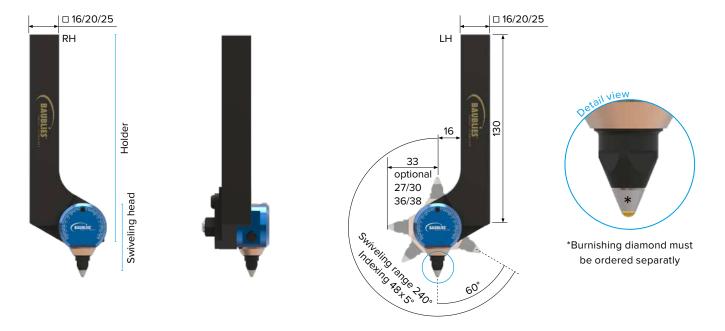












Technical details	
Application	external shafts and contours
Standard fixture	square shank 16/20/25 mm left or right hand
Swiveling range	240°
Indexing	48 x 5°

Variable diamond burnishing tools for external use are non-intrinsic tools for smoothening and work hardening of shafts and contours. Due to the swiveling diamond these tools are quite versatile.

## Options

- Fixtures VDI, HSK, etc.
- Tailor made diamond shape
- Assembly device

#### **Application parameters**

Please note that this information represents standard values which must be adapted to the individual cases.

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Speed	up to 150 m/min	
Feed rate	0.05 – 0.2 mm/rev	
Workpiece allowance	up to 0.02 mm	
Tool preload	up to 1 mm	
Lubrication	emulsion or oil; filtration of the lubricant (< 40 $\mu m)$ can improve the surface quality and the tool life	
Pre-machining of workpiece	surface roughness (Rz) up to 15 μm	
Suitable for hard machining		

#### **ADVANTAGES**

- Simple to use
- Compact design available for machines with limited tool space
- Can be adapted to all materials by means of four spring elements (included in delivery)
- Diamond radii from 0.4 5 mm available
- Diamond indexed for multiple machining
- Highest surface quality and hardening
- Universally applicable
- Ideal for contour machining
- For hard machining and thin-walled workpieces
- Tolerance compensation through spring-loaded design
- Changeable diamond insert
- Re-grinding of the diamond is possible
- Cost-effective/low investment

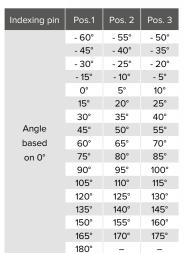




# Tool assembly/handling and replacing components



- 2 Swiveling head
- 3 Slide bushing
- 4 Diamond holder
- **5** Burnishing diamond insert with screw
- **6** Springs with different compression characteristics
- 7 Pin with locking ring





#### **ADJUSTING THE ANGLE**

Disassemble nut (2). Lift swiveling head (2). Place indexing pin into position 1/2/3 according to table. Set required position of swiveling head (2). Assemble nut (2) (max. torque 12 Nm).

## REPLACING BURNISHING DIAMOND

Pin 2

Slightly pre-load burnishing diamond (5) (with assembly device). Remove pin with locking ring (7). Declamp burnishing diamond. Remove or rotate burnishing diamond into the next position. During assembly pay attention to the position of the pin hole in the diamond holder (4). Slightly pre-load burnishing diamond (with assembly device). Insert pin with locking ring (7). Declamp burnishing diamond (5).

#### **EXCHANGE OF SPRINGS**

Slightly pre-load burnishing diamond (5) (with assembly device). Remove pin with locking ring (7). Disassemble the diamond holder (4) and change the desired spring (6). Look at page 4 for spring selection.

#### TIP

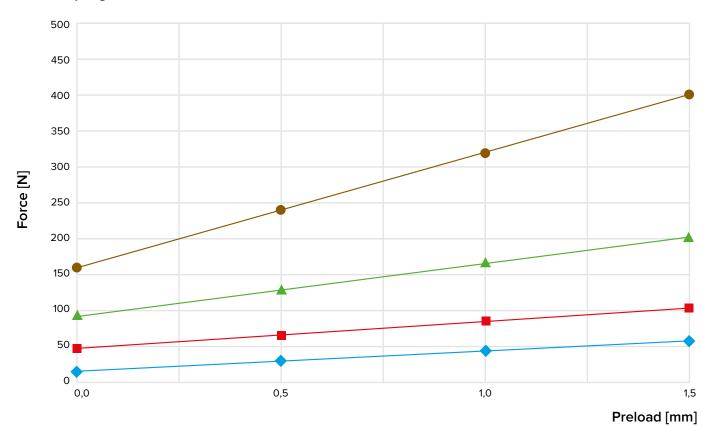
- The preload of the tool during burnishing should be in a range between 0.1 and 0.5 mm.
- If the position is not vertical to the workpiece surface the wearpoint of the burnishing diamond is excentric and then the burnishing diamond can be used 4 times by rotating it in steps of 90°.
- Coolant must be used at any time and avoid interrupted cuts.
- If the burnishing diamond is not badly damaged (cracks) regrinding is possible.





# **Information Classification Force – Spring Deflection**

## Force – Spring Deflection



Recommended Applications According to Material Properties		
Spring colour	Force	Up to a tensile strength of
Blue -	25 – 60 N	400 MPa [N/mm²]
Red —	40 – 100 N	1250 MPa [N/mm²] or HRC 40
Green —	85 – 210 N	HRC 64
Brown ——	160 – 400 N	Use only in special applications

Depending on the material properties the use of an according spring is recomended. The table should serve as a guideline. Usually an preload of up to 0,5 mm is used. If a higher force is required a stronger spring should be used.

### EXAMPLE:

If the red spring is installed, an preload at the workpiece of 0.25 mm corresponds to a force of approximately 60 N.

